## Critical Current Measurement of Superfluid 3He Film in Magnetic Field

Masamichi Saitoh and Kimitoshi Kono

Low Temperature Physics Lab., RIKEN, 2-1 Hirosawa, Wako, 351-0198, Japan.

Superfluid <sup>3</sup>He film is the most advantageous super-clean material to understand boundary effects of unconventional superfluid/superconductor systems. Since the anisotropic A phase becomes more stable than the isotropic B phase because of a boundary effect in a thickness range of submicron, the A - B phase boundary is predicted as a function of the thickness. Recently, an inhomogeneous superfluid phase (stripe phase) was predicted in the vicinity of the A - B phase boundary [1].

To investigate these characteristic phase transitions in superfluid <sup>3</sup>He film, we have measured the critical current  $J_c$  as the onset of dissipative flow over the thickness range from 0.3 to 4  $\mu$ m using inter-digitated capacitors. In the thickness dependence of  $J_c$ , two distinct behaviors were observed at a thickness close to the predicted phase boundary of ~ 1  $\mu$ m [2].

In order to investigate the relation between phase transition and the change of  $J_c$ , it can be useful to measure  $J_c$  in magnetic field. As a function of magnetic filed, a stable superfluid phase in bulk <sup>3</sup>He can be changed even in saturated vapor pressure. For the measurement in magnetic filed, a new silver sample cell is preparing. To improve the measurement of the temperature of the liquid <sup>3</sup>He, in addition to a vibrating wire thermometer, the cell has a capacitive liquid level controller to detect a superfluid transition temperature of bulk <sup>3</sup>He.

[1] A. B. Vorontsov and J. A. Sauls, Phys. Rev. Lett. 98, 045301 (2007).

[2] M. Saitoh and K. Kono, J. Low Temp. Phys. in press.