

# 量子臨界点近傍に現われる 新奇量子現象の解明

2005年12月16日

代表 今田正俊 分担者 鹿野田一司 (東大工) 求幸年 (理研) 中辻知 (京大理) 渡辺真仁 (物性研)







### 量子臨界点近傍の物理

#### 新しい量子臨界現象 モット転移 <sup>3</sup>He単原子層、有機伝導体、遷移金属化合物 電荷秩序転移 有機伝導体、遷移金属酸化物 価数転移 希土類化合物

### giant density fluctuation

### 新奇量子相 ギャップレス量子スピン液体 <sup>3</sup>He単原子層、有機伝導体、遷移金属化合物

IVI, INTALDAL

# **Novel Quantum Phase and Criticality**

Takahiro Mizusaki Shinji Watanabe Kota Hanasaki Takahiro Misawa Yohei Yamaji

Masatoshi Imada





Quantum Spin Liquid

<b>Compounds with Geometrical frustration</b>		
Suppression of Large residua	of magnetic order, al entropy	Spin liquid
	<i>S</i> >1/2	S=1/2
Triangular J1-J2	LiCrO <sub>2</sub> NiGa <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub> Nambu, Nakatsuji, Maeno	$\beta'-X[Pd(dmit)_2]_2$ Tamura, Kato $\kappa-(ET)_2Cu_2(CN)_3$ Kanoda (NaTiO <sub>2</sub> , LiNiO <sub>2</sub> ) Li <sub>2</sub> VO(Si,Ge)O <sub>4</sub> Melzi et al.
Kagomè	Sr(Cr,Ga) <sub>12</sub> O <sub>19</sub> Obradors et al. Broholm et al.	<sup>3</sup> He on graphite Greywall, Elser, Fukuyama Volborthite Hiroi
Spinel Pyrochlore fcc	$(Zn,Li)V_2O_4$ $ZrCr_2O_4$ $R_2Mo_2O_7$ Greedan et al. Taguchi, Tokura et al. Sato et al.	(LiTi <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) Y <sub>2</sub> Ir <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> Fukazawa,Maeno Sr <sub>2</sub> CaReO <sub>6</sub> Wiebe et al.

# **Gapless spin liquid**

#### triangular lattice

# S=1/2 $\kappa$ -(ET)<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>2</sub>(CN)<sub>3</sub> $T_{1,\chi}$ <sup>3</sup>He monolayer $\chi, C$

# S=1 NiGa<sub>2</sub>S<sub>4</sub> $\chi$ , *C*, neutron

IVI, INTALDA





# A possible interpretation of spin liquid



Long-ranged singlet bonds RVB Gapless spin excitation Finite, nonzero susceptibility

Unbound spinon scattered by sea of dynamical RVB singlets

Incoherent (localized) spinons? No spinon Fermi surface? No fractionalization?

triangular lattice +tiny randomness ⇒ spin glass order by disorder MI(1986) Coupling to lattice

Novel Quantum Criticality

### 密度ゆらぎの発散を伴う量子臨界



Valence Criticality

#### Valence instabilities of Ce systems Watanabe Poster07 Ce : $\gamma$ - $\alpha$ transition T **Ce compounds: (K**) $T_{\rm cp}$ is suppressed (<< $E_{\rm F}$ ) liquid 1000 Superconductivity 800 cerium $T_{\rm cp}$ $T_{\rm cp}$ emperature (K) T 600 critical point γ CeCu<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> CeCu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> 400 $CeCu_2(Si_{1-x}Ge_x)_2$ **1st-order** P valence **CeCoIn**<sub>5</sub> 200 transition CeIrIn<sub>5</sub> 20 40 60 80 pressure (kbar) Р **Diverging valence fluctuation** (kbar) "Handbook on the Physics and Chemistry of +Fermi degeneracy Rare Earths", North-Holland (1978) p340

K. Miyake, et al: PhysicaB 259-261 (1999)676

IVI, INADA





# **Filling Control Transition**

phase separation Emery-Kivelson Physica C 209 (1993) 597 critical divergence of compressibility Furukawa and MI JPSJ 61 (1992) 3331

<sup>3</sup>He monolayer Saunders et al., Fukuyama Cuprates stripe, charge order Tranquada et al. Nature 375 (1995) 561 patch structure in STM Davis et al. (2000)

Phase separation の瀬戸際

# モット転移は電子の 電荷(密度)自由度の転移

1990

S

divergence of single length scale  $\xi$ ; mean distance of carriers scaling theory & hyperscaling

$$F(\mu) = \xi^{-d-z} f(\xi^{y_{\mu}} \mu)$$

 $y_{\mu} = 4, \quad z = 4$ MI, JPSJ 64 (1995) 2954

1/f,  $f_1/f_A D_A$ 

# <sup>3</sup>He; unusual degeneracy temperature



Casey et al. PRL 90 (2003) /1/15301

#### Phase Diagram of Mott Transition in the 2D Hubbard model



### **Advantage of Bandwidth Control MIT**



 ★Small energy scale; suppress Multi-furcation
 ★Absence of other orders; AF...
 ★Absence of long-range Coulomb effect
 ⇔ <sup>3</sup>He

# **"Pure" Mott transition arising from short-ranged repulsion**

IVI, INTALDAL

#### **Bandwidth Control MIT** Ising criticality Limelette et al. (2003)





 $a \rightarrow 0$  Marginally quantum critical point (MQCP) unusual QCP

# **Unusual Critical Exponents at MQCP**

$$\beta = d/2, \ \gamma = 2 - d/2, \ \delta = 4/d, \ \nu = 1/2,$$
  
z = 4

Ginzburg criterion

$$d + z_t \ge (2\beta + \gamma)/\nu = d + 4$$

All the dimensions are at the upper critical dimension "mean field" is basically correct, while hyperscaling is satisfied

2次元 
$$\beta = 1, \gamma = 1, \delta = 2, \nu = 1/2,$$



Kagawa, Miyagawa, Kanoda IVI. IIVIADA

### **Consequence of Diverging Density Fluctuations**

filling control; electron density fluctuation bandwidth control; excitonic fluctuation

$$\chi = (d^2 F / dX^2)^{-1} \sim (aX^{2/d-1} + bX^{4/d-1})^{-1}$$

Marginal quantum critical point;  $a \rightarrow 0$ 

 $\chi \sim X^{1-4/d}$ 

秩序化に伴うゆらぎとは別の 波数0近傍の独立なゆらぎ

$$\chi_c(q,\omega) = \frac{1}{-i\omega + D_s(K^2 + (q-Q)^2)}$$

large energy scale; Mott gapexample; 2Dcontrast with spin/orbital fluctuations;  $J \Leftrightarrow Mott gap$ 

r-1

# **Outlook for Super Clean Project**

### 電子やヘリウムの密度自由度が引き起こす 1次転移の消える瀬戸際の物理の確立

Mott charge order valence Lifshitz 1次転移の背景となる 高いエネルギースケール



### Summary

**Band-width control & filling-control** unified description of quantum Mott criticality **Beyond GLW scheme; unusual universality class** d dependent critical exponents bandwidth control transitionでの検証 marginal quantum criticality (MQCP) diverging density (charge) fluctuations large energy scale ~ Mott gap, small qincoherent response up to high energy competing orders (1) electron differentiation  $\Rightarrow$  ARPES structure (2) tendency for inhomogeneity

(3) density fluctuations drive non-Fermi liquid properties superconducting mechanism d-wave, high-T<sub>c</sub> Outlook

### accurate $\varepsilon$ (k, $\omega$ )

Mott charge order valence Lifshitz

### filling control bandwidth control

