

Two-dimensional Fermion system in Triangular Geometry

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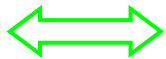
Strongly Correlated Electron Systems

(High-Tc superconductivity, organic conductors, one-dimensional electron systems, etc)

- Two-dimensional triangular systems (Hubbard model, t-J model)

Half-filling ($n = 1$) i.e. Heisenberg spin system and
Doped cases

Spin and charge are not separated in 2-dim.



He on graphite (second layer)

?

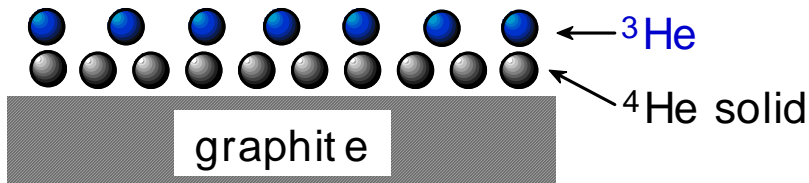
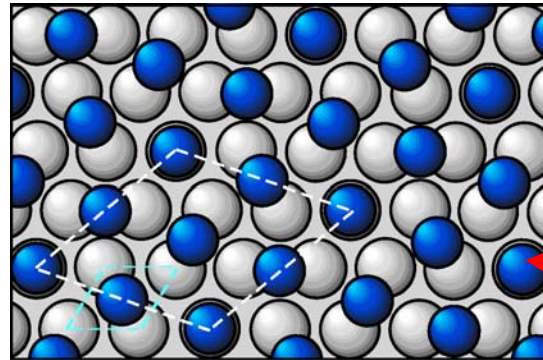
Helium on Graphite

(Fukuyama group)

4/7 phase

○ 1st layer ● 2nd layer

- Localized due to potential corrugation
 $\Delta U = 1-3 \text{ K}$



(H. Fukuyama)

Density of He can be controlled

Triangular lattice (importance of Frustration)

- Heisenberg model (insulator)

Resonating Valence Bond (RVB) state (P. W. Anderson)

$$\text{↑ ↓} = \text{↑ ↓} - \text{↓ ↑} \text{ ----- singlet bond = valence bond}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{↑ ↓} \quad \text{↑} \\ \text{↑ ↓} \quad \text{↓} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{↑} \quad \text{↑ ↓} \\ \text{↓} \quad \text{↑ ↓} \end{array} + \dots$$

(Ground state wave function)

Resonating valence bond

A new state of spin liquid --- no conventional magnetic order

- Carrier doping into RVB state

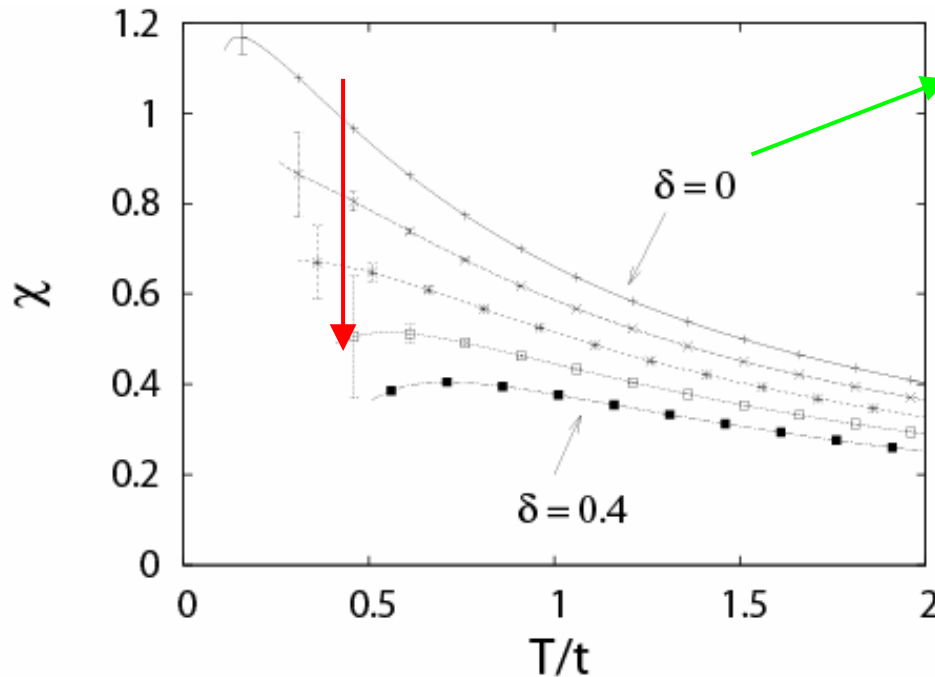
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{↑ ↓} \quad \text{○} \quad \text{↑} \\ \text{↑ ↓} \quad \text{↓} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \text{↑ ↓} \quad \text{↑} \quad \text{↑} \\ \text{↓} \quad \text{○} \quad \text{↓} \end{array} + \dots$$

$$\text{↑ ↓} = \text{mobile singlet bond} = \text{Cooper pair !}$$

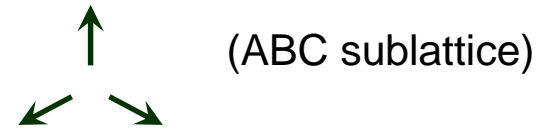
New-type of
superconductivity

High Temperature expansion study for Triangular lattice

Koretsune-Ogata, PRL 89, 116401 (2002)



Heisenberg model (no carrier case)
Ground state will not be RVB state.
Instead 120 degree AF state
is realized.



Carrier doping decreases χ .

(χ shows a spin-gap behavior) --- doping induced RVB state !

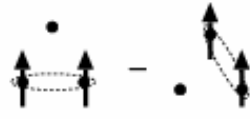
● Typical ground state configuration at $\delta = 1/3$

lowest-energy state

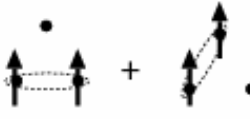
a) $-\frac{3}{4}J - 2t$



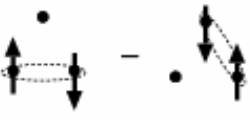
b) $\frac{J}{4} - t$



c) $\frac{J}{4} - t$



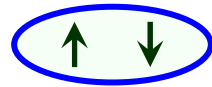
d) $-\frac{3}{4}J + t$



e) $-\frac{3}{4}J + t$



f) $\frac{J}{4} + 2t$



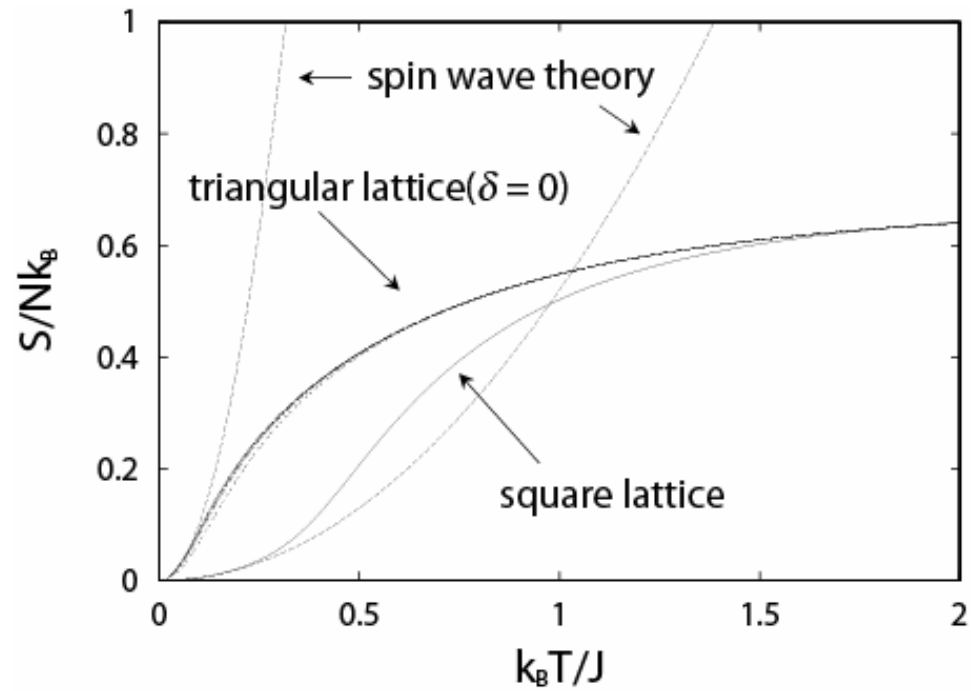
singlet bond = valence bond

Lowest-energy state is actually an RVB state.

Spin frustration is released by doping.

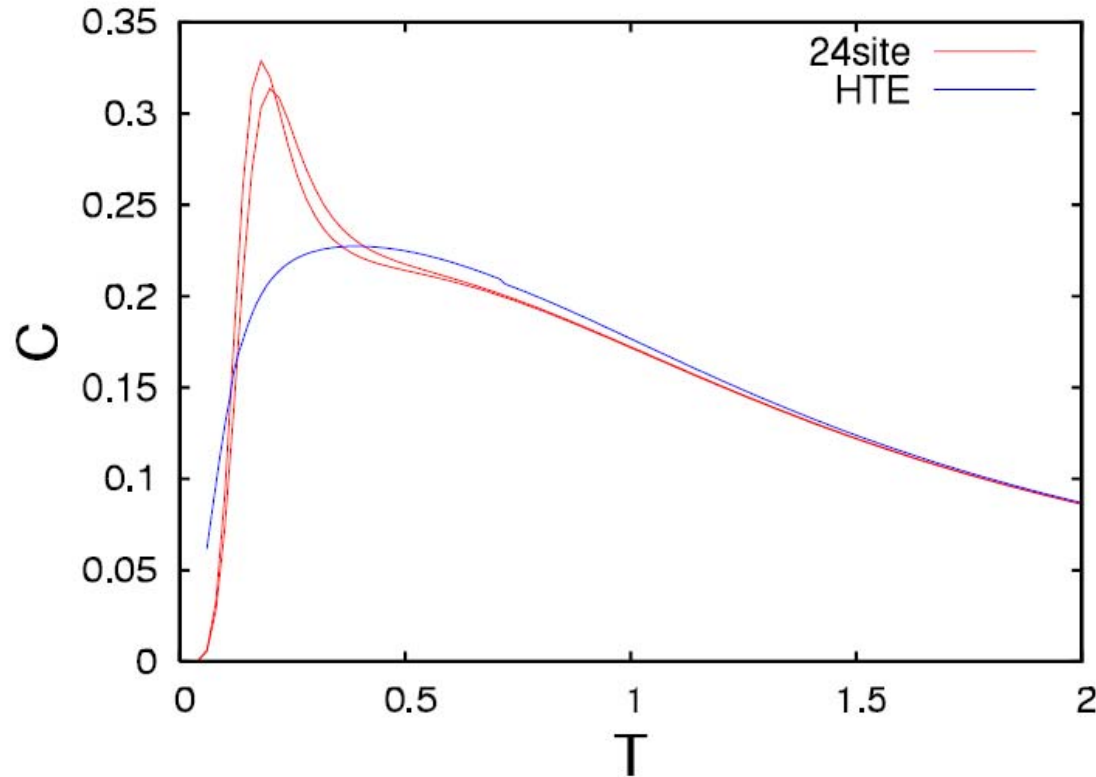
Entropy for Triangular lattice (Heisenberg model)

Koretsune-Ogata, PRL 89, 116401 (2002)



Specific heat for Triangular lattice (Heisenberg model)

T. Koretsune



High temperature expansion
vs.
Finite temperature Lanczos

Single peak i.e. No Spin-Charge separation ...

To be studied

Specific heat

(Super Clean)

Susceptibility

Possibility of spin-charge separation

Dynamics of vacancies

New-type of superconductivity ?

Exact diagonalization,

High temperature expansion

Variational Monte Carlo